

SOMERSET HERALD.

SOMERSET, PA.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1847.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1848.

GEN'L. ZACHARY TAYLOR.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

HON. ANDREW STEWART.

Subject to the decision of the Whig Party.

During the heat of the late political campaign an article appeared in the "Herald" of the 12th ult., impugning the veracity of Solomon Bare, Esq., of Lavansville, by charging him with circulating a report that Gen. Irvin had taken the benefit of the Bankrupt Law.

Mr. Bare denies having circulated any such report, and from other circumstances independent of his denial, we feel bound to say that we believe Mr. Bare innocent of the charge. It was made upon what the writer deemed good authority at the time, but it originated in a misunderstanding of Mr. Bare's language, which was that Irvin had voted for the Bankrupt law and Patton had taken the benefit of it.

We consider it a matter of justice to Mr. Bare to make this statement, and to say further, that personally we have always esteemed and do yet esteem him as a good and worthy citizen.

THE PRESIDENCY AND VICE PRESIDENCY.

During the last fifteen years the Whigs of Pennsylvania had but one Presidential candidate who was the first choice of a majority of their party. That candidate was Gen. Harrison, and he the only Whig who within the period mentioned received the electoral vote of the State; and that only on the second trial. Both Mr. Firt and Mr. Clay were admitted to be great and experienced Statesmen, but there was nothing in the career of either that was calculated so to arouse their friends to action as in the case of Gen. Harrison. The consequence was, that neither could secure the electoral vote of Pennsylvania. Nor could Mr. Clay now, though his friends cleave to him close as ever, carry the State—and a similar fate would await him in most of the other States in which he was defeated in 1844. Mr. Clay, therefore, it is clear, cannot be the next Whig candidate.

The names of Mr. Webster, Mr. M'Lean, Mr. Crittenden, and others, have been mentioned in certain quarters as candidates; but it must be obvious to every one in the least acquainted with the state of public feeling, that the chances for the election of either would be worse than those of Mr. Clay. General Scott stands more prominent than either; yet even his popularity would scarcely be sufficient to carry him through successfully against the power and patronage of the General Government. The contest would be a doubtful one, to say the least of it. Our own feelings are with Gen. Scott, and if we did not entertain doubts of his success we should not hesitate to urge his nomination. But, fortunately for the Whigs, they have another man, of acknowledged worth and ability, about whose success there cannot be a doubt, and who, when elected, will in our opinion be disposed and able to do as much for the advancement of Whig principles as any other man. We need scarcely tell our readers, that this man is General Taylor.

Gen. Taylor would be likely to secure a more zealous and general support, not only in Pennsylvania, but throughout the Union, than any other man now living. The fact that he declines being a party candidate, cannot form a valid objection to him with any good Whig, for the very reason that the Whigs do not desire to see the Government administered for the benefit of any party whatever, but for the advantage of the whole people. To our mind, then, Gen. Taylor is precisely the man for the Whigs and for the country.

But the Whigs have need to be cautious also in the selection of another candidate: the one for Vice President. In so far as our means of knowing public sentiment on this subject enable us to express an opinion, we can safely say, that Andrew Stewart stands prominently before the people for that office. He has been long in public life—has been a steady and zealous advocate of the interests of the masses—and has on all occasions exhibited a firmness and perseverance that has scarcely ever been excelled.

The people know this, and are ready, nay, anxious, to confer upon him still higher honors. He would be a tower of strength, which, when added to the acknowledged popularity of Gen. Taylor, would bear down and overcome all opposition.

If, then, the Whigs be wise, if they desire, as surely they must, to succeed at the next Presidential election, let them not hesitate, but nominate at once the individuals we have named. Let the usual forms be, for once, dispensed with. We need no National Conventions—no State Conventions—save for the purpose of forming electoral tickets. Our candidates can, and ought to be, nominated by the people in county meetings. Let this be done without delay. The time and place for holding a State Convention to form an electoral ticket, can be determined afterwards.

The writ of Quo Warranto, sued out in the Supreme Court against Judge Barrell, has been quashed by the Court, on the ground that such writ can only be granted when the application is made by the Attorney General. Judge Coulter dissented from the rest of the Court and delivered a separate opinion.

Of the gallant spirits that breathed their last on the battle-field at the city of Mexico, none were more esteemed than Capt. S. H. Drum and Lieut. R. H. L. Johnson, both of Westmoreland county, in this State.

The Albany Journal would like a lococo opinion upon this simple proposition: Whether Polk's "pass" to Santa Anna or Corwin's speech afforded most "aid and comfort to the enemy."

The deaths by yellow fever in New Orleans, from the 5th of July to the 20th of October, one hundred and seven days, were 2,544.

Samuel Cleaver, Esq., died suddenly at Waynesburg, on the 1st inst.

Gen. Taylor is reported to be on his way to visit his family in Louisiana.

"Boots! Boots! my kingdom for a pair of Boots!" were the words that were dashed in our ears, &c.—*Visitor.*

Have you not, my master, put the effect for the cause? "Tis a queer thing to have "words dangling" in one's ears; but seems quite rational to suppose that your "ears" would "dangle" about your head; especially when your familiarity with meageries is taken into view.—Though you may not be able to imitate all the beasts in your catalogue, it must be conceded that your appendages to your "upper story" would make you quite an appropriate "subject" to be trotted "around the ring" at a "monkey-show."

"Boots!" sends his best respects to the facetious writer for the Visitor—acknowledges himself conquered, and cries "mercy!"—but hopes he of the Visitor will be magnanimous enough not to tell the "led-dee-s."

MORE TREASON.

The Norristown Herald says: The abuse so profusely lavished by the hired presses of the Administration upon all who doubt the President's wisdom, does not seem to prevent the expression of sentiment treasonable to the party, and of course, to the country, by lococoes who do not relish the collar manufactured for them by Polk, Ritchie & Co. The Albany Atlas, a leading lococo paper, speaks to its would-be masters in the following significant language, and the New York Evening Post approvingly copies it:

"We say to Mr. Ritchie, and those who concur with him, GO YOUR WAYS! You were warned in time against the agitations and the distracting issues that your course in relation to the annexation of Texas would produce. You were implored to take Texas without war; and if now, at this day, you expect the Democracy of the North to bear the responsibility of your measures, they must at least be permitted to protest."

BEGINNING TO SUSPECT!

The President, it would seem, by the following remark of the Union, begins to doubt whether SANTA ANNA can or will prove false to his own country:—

"If Santa Anna is not so profound or bold a Statesman as was supposed—if circumstances do not permit him to withdraw not only from the Sabine, but from the Nueces to the Rio Grande, the President may have MISUNDERSTOOD the man, or the circumstances in which he might be placed."

These doubts and suspicions come too late. They cannot reclaim the millions of dollars which Santa Anna's return has cost us; nor can they call back to life the thousands of brave spirits who have fallen.—*Alb. Ev. Jour.*

A HARD HIT!—The Albany Evening Journal says, The following well directed blow was aimed at President Polk by Mr. Webster, in his Springfield speech:—

"And, sir, whatever else may be said of the circumstances, ordinary or extraordinary, that have waited upon the fortunes of the President of the United States, it must be admitted that in one respect at least his case is somewhat singular. He has made war, he has seen great armies fighting numerous battles, and it has happened that he has had the selection of the commanders on both sides."

The Norristown Herald says: Years ago we thought we lived under a Republican Government, a Government of the people. The Executives, whether of the State or Nation, we thought, were created for the purpose of executing the will of the people, as expressed by their representatives. The idea that any of them possessed, or could exercise, powers which the Monarchs of Great Britain and France do not possess, and dare not attempt to exercise, never occurred to us. In all this, it seems, we were mistaken as will be seen by the following letter from the Washington correspondent of the Charleston (S. C.) Courier. Well, we live to learn, and it may yet be shown that we may have all the forms of freedom, while the will of one man is supreme:

Washington, October 7. "There is no good reason to believe that Congress will be disposed to limit the appropriations for the war, still less to withhold them. Besides, the Government will take at once, or before Congress shall act, such measures as will lead to vast expenses, and Congress cannot undertake to repudiate them.—It is a matter of doubt, too, how far Congress can exercise any supervisions over the conduct of the war. If the war be carried on at all, it must be by the Executive."

NEW YORK ELECTION.

Telegraphic despatches from New York bring the glorious news that at the election of Tuesday last the Whigs carried the Empire State by unprecedented majorities—amounting, in the aggregate, as is supposed, to twenty or thirty thousand!

Two-thirds of the Legislature will be Whig, which will give us a United States Senator. Millard Fillmore, formerly an able Representative in Congress, who is the successful candidate for the office of Comptroller of the State, is the highest on the Whig ticket.

The majority in the city of New York for Hamilton Fish, the Whig candidate for Lieutenant Governor, is about 4,000. Except in the county of Schenectady all the returns thus far received show nothing but a recapitulation of Whig gains and Whig majorities.—*Nat. Int.*

NEW JERSEY ELECTION.

At the annual election in New Jersey, which also took place on Tuesday, we regret to learn that, owing to local causes, the Democrats succeeded in electing Daniel Haines to the office of Governor, over his worthy opponent, the Hon. William Wright, late a Representative in Congress. But, as a set-off to this partial victory of their opponents, the Whigs have carried both branches of the Legislature by decisive majorities.—*Nat. Int.*

MR. POLK'S FRIENDS SANTA ANNA.

The American public have daily cause to admire the foresight and sagacity which induced Mr. Polk to permit Santa Anna to return to Mexico. To be sure it would have occurred to ordinary minds, that a man who would bargain for a return to his own country, in order that he might be able to betray it, was not much to be trusted. But Mr. Polk is not an "ordinary mind," and the result of his negotiation with Santa Anna proves, beyond a peradventure, that it was the most extraordinary piece of diplomatic tact that the world has been called on to admire. Look at Santa Anna's last proclamation. Defeated in a series of bloody engagements, and driven from his capital, observe what mild and peaceful sentiments he breathes; admire how exactly all Mr. Polk's anticipations have been realized, and see the policy of permitting Santa Anna's return amply vindicated.—Take the following sentence as evidence of Santa Anna's friendship for this country and desire for peace:

"Mexicans! You will find me, as ever, leading in your defence, striving to free you from a heavy yoke, and to preserve your altars from infamous violation, and your daughters and wives from the extremity of insult. The enemy raises the sword to wound your noble fronts; do you draw it likewise to chastise the rancorous pride of the invader."

How Mr. Polk's eyes must be riveted on these peaceful sentiments thus gently expressed, and how must he chuckle in his inmost soul when he reflects that Santa Anna owes his power, to hold this language, to his prudence, to his sagacity and foresight.—*Petersburg (Va.) Intelligencer.*

SENATOR MILLER, (OF N. J.) ON THE WAR.—"The way to restore peace is not by withholding necessary supplies for the war, but by withholding our votes from its authors—not by withdrawing our troops from Mexico, but by withdrawing Mr. Polk from the executive chair. We will sustain the war for the sake of the country, and not for the objects for which the Executive now continues it. We will sustain it until we can, under the constitution and the laws, (thank God the time is not far distant,) place at the head of our national affairs one who will have the wisdom and the nerve to put an end to this inglorious war."

PARTICULARS OF THE LATE FLOOD.—In Old Trappe, Montgomery county, Shunk's old tramping ground and the scene of all his anecdotes, he was beat 59 votes. But the two Hanovers adjoining Berks made it up to him in beans, with a vengeance. A Whig has no more chance in Hanover than a tobacco too-taller in Holland. The people of Hanover in Montgomery and Talbot counties in Berks, are all mixed up curiously in marriage and the women as well as the men vote.

MARRIED: October 31st, by Rev. J. J. Covert, Mr. WM. ASKE, to Miss ELIZABETH SMITH, all of Quenahoning township.

On the 20th Sep, 1847, by A. Hanns, Esq., Mr. GODFREY NEUMILLER, to Mrs. ELIZABETH DEIMET.

Same day by the same, Mr. FREDERICK BOWERS, to Miss MARY NEUMILLER—all of Milford township.

Somerset Lyceum Will meet at the Lyceum Room on Friday evening next. Question for Discussion.—"Ought the hours of a day's labor be limited by law." Leaders in debate Little and McCreery. Essayist, Geo. Little. Declaimer, J. J. Schell. Wm. Adams, Sec'y.

Somerset Guards Attention!

YOU will parade in front of the Court House, in Somerset borough, on Friday the 12th inst., precisely at one o'clock, P. M. A full attendance is desired, as amendments to the Constitution will be submitted to the company for adoption.

N. B. The High Court of Appeal composed of the three commissioned officers and 1st and 2d Sergeants, will be held on the same day at the Captains' office, at 3 o'clock, P. M. or immediately after parade, for the purpose of hearing and deciding upon all appeals for fines imposed since April, 1845, and of exonerating the collector from such fines as cannot be collected. Those members who have constantly absented themselves from parade and who are determined not to parade again, must pay up all arrearages of fines and for good cause shown to the Court of Appeal, they may be discharged. The collection of all fines not then remitted, will be immediately enforced to the utmost extent of the law without fear or favor. By order of the Captain, R. R. MARSHALL, O. S. November 2, 1847.

STRAY COW.

CAME trespassing on the premises of the subscriber residing in Allegheny township, about the 3d of October last, a

Red and White Cow, about 6 years old; the owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be disposed of according to law. Nov. 2, 1847. JOSEPH HCON

STRAY STEER.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber residing in Milford township, about the 20th of last August, a

Red Steer, supposed to be 2 years old last spring, no ear marks; the owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be disposed of according to law. nov2-47-2. DANIEL BAKER.

Public Sale.

THERE will be sold at public sale at the residence of the subscriber in Somerset township, on Friday the 12th day of November next, horses, colts, cows, young cattle,

Sheep and Hogs.

one broad wheeled wagon, plows and harrow, grain in the ground and by the bushel, hay by the ton, one thrashing machine, one wind mill, one ten plate stove and pipe, halfway stove and pipe, one

Eight Day Clock,

bedsteads and bedding, with a variety of household furniture to numerous to mention. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on said day, where due attendance and a reasonable credit will be given by the subscriber. Conditions made known on day of sale.

SIMON CHORPENNING.

Nov. 2, 1747.

List of Causes,

PUT down for trial at November Term, 1847, commencing on the 15th day.

Suter	vs	Whipkey et ux
Johnsons heirs	vs	Ankeny & Sanner.
Bott	vs	Millers adm'r
Rhoads	vs	Greiger
Mosburg	vs	Ludington
Moyer	vs	Milhouse and wife
Jones	vs	Somerset and Mt. Pleasant T. R. C.
Chorpennings use	vs	Anman
Miller's heirs	vs	Walker
Bird	vs	Rush
Lichty	vs	Lichty
Weyand et al	vs	Show
Clark	vs	Boyer
Piles use	vs	Chorpenning
Mortin	vs	Benford & Sanner
sams	vs	Forward & Stewart
same	vs	Cummins
same	vs	Croft
Gundie's heirs	vs	Friedline
Hugus	vs	Baird and Colvin
Suder	vs	Baughman
Connelly	vs	Countrymans administrator
Thompson's heirs	vs	Adams et al
Berkey	vs	Knupp
Saylor	vs	Younkin
M'Clachey	vs	Brooks
Trautman & wife	vs	Trautman's ex'rs
Crossel	vs	Samo
Ankeny	vs	Brom
Lenhart	vs	Lenhart
Fream	vs	Fream's ex'rs
Wilhelm & Wilhelm	vs	Peck et al
Kelly	vs	Pisel
Rowan & Baldwin	vs	Miller
Bell et al	vs	Hornet
Weimer et ux	vs	Wilson
Boyd	vs	Holderbaum
Waugh	vs	Hite

A J OGLE, Pro'y.

FOR SALE, BY the barrel or gallon, a lot of prime whiskey, at SANNER'S STORE.

Cheap Watches and Jewelry.

FULL Jewelled Gold Levers for \$40, warranted.—Jacob Ladomus, No. 246 Market street, has constantly on hand a large assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, at the following low prices:—

Full Jewelled Gold Levers, \$40 00
Silver " " " " 20 00
Gold Lepines, full Jewelled 80 00
Silver Lepines, 13 00
Silver Quarters, \$9 00 a 10 00

With a large assortment of Fine Jewelry, such as ear rings, finger rings, breast pins, bracelets, gold and silver pencils, gold chains, &c. Has also on hand 3 complete assortment of Lunette, patent and plain Watch glasses, Main Springs, Verges, Dials and Hands of every description; and in fact, a complete assortment of Watchmakers' tools and Watch Materials, to which he would call the attention of the country trade in general.

Those wishing anything in the above line, would find it to their advantage to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

JACOB LADOMUS, No. 246 Market street, below 8th, Sept 14-47-6m Philadelphia.

Somerset County, ss.

At an Orphans' Court held at Somerset in and for said County on the 30th day of August, 1847. Before the Honorable Judges thereof.

On petition of Abraham Philippi for a decree of a specific performance of contract entered into by John Philippi, Esq. in his lifetime with Adam Fritz and Peter Philippi for a tract of land situate in Milford township. On motion of Mr. Kimmel the Court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of John Philippi, deceased, and all persons concerned except those who have waived—to appear at an adjourned Orphans' Court to be held at Somerset on Monday the 22d day of November, 1847, and shew cause if any they have, why a specific performance of contract entered into by the said John Philippi, dec'd, in his lifetime, with Adam Fritz and Peter Philippi should not be decreed agreeably to the true intent and meaning thereof, and agreeably to the act of assembly in such case made and provided, for the purpose of completing the title to the said Adam Fritz and Peter Philippi, &c.

To the heirs and legal representatives of John Philippi, Esq. dec'd, and all other persons concerned, except those who waived.

You laying aside all business and excuses are hereby cited to be and appear before an adjourned Orphans' Court to be held at Somerset on Monday September 22d, 1847, and shew cause if any they have, why a specific performance of contract should not be granted, entered into by John Philippi, Esq. dec'd, in his lifetime with Adam Fritz and Peter Philippi, should not be decreed agreeably to the true extent and meaning thereof, and agreeably to the act of assembly in such case made and provided, for the purpose of completing the title to the said Adam Fritz and Peter Philippi, &c. Herein fail not.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court this 30th day of August, A. D. 1847. WM. H. PICKING, Clerk.

Somerset County, ss.

At an adjourned orphans' court held at Somerset, in and for the county of Somerset, on the 7th day of September, A. D. 1847. Present the Honorable Jeremiah S. Black, President, and George Chorpenning and John McCarry associate Judges of the same court.

On petition of Peter Herring the court grant a rule on the Executors of Adam Gundie, deceased. Adam Maurer and Henry J. Heiple trustees for the sale of the Real Estate of John Gundie, deceased, Joseph Miller the purchaser and all other persons interested, to appear at an adjourned Orphans' court, to be held at Somerset on Monday the 22d day of November, 1847, and then and there shew cause if any you have, why the said Adam Maurer and Henry J. Heiple trustees as aforesaid, should not pay the petitioner Peter Herring, the sum of five hundred dollars with the interest due thereon from the years 1826, 1829, 1832, 1835, and 1838, respectively, out of the funds arising from the sale of the Real Estate of said John Gundie, deceased.

To the Executors of Adam Gundie, deceased, Adam Maurer and Henry J. Heiple, trustees for the sale of the Real Estate of John Gundie, deceased, Joseph Miller the purchaser of said Real Estate and all other persons interested.

You laying aside all business and excuses are hereby cited to be and appear before an adjourned Orphans' Court to be held at Somerset on Monday the 22d day of November, A. D. 1847, and then and there shew cause if any you have, why you should not pay the petitioner Peter Herring, out of the funds arising from the sale of the real estate of John Gundie, deceased, the sum of five hundred dollars with the interests due thereon from the years 1826, 1829, 1832, 1835, and 1838, "herein fail not."

Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at Somerset September 7, 1847.

W. H. PICKING, Clerk.

JOB PRINTING.

NEATLY AND EXPEDITIOUSLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

Bank Note List.

PENNSYLVANIA.	OHIO.
Bank of Pittsburg	par State Bk & branches
Exchange bank	par Mount Pleasant
Mer. & Man. bank	par Steubenville
Bks. of Philadelphia	par St. Charlesville
Third bank	par Marietta
Bk. of Germantown	par New Lisbon
" Chester county	par Cincinnati Banks
" Delaware	par Columbus do
" Montgomery Co	par Circleville
" Northumberland	par Zanesville
Columbia B. & Co	par Putnam
Daytown bank	par Wooster
Far. Bk. Reading	par Massillon
Far. Bk. Bucks Co	par Sandusky
Far. Bk. Lancaster	par Granga
Lancaster Co bank	par Norwalk
Lancaster bank	par Cleveland
United States bank	par Xenia
Brownsville	par Dayton
Washington	par Western Reserve
Gettysburg	par Franklin Bk Columbus
Chambersburg	par Chillicothe
Susquehanna Co Bk	par Lake Erie
Lehigh county bank	par Scioto
Lancaster	par Lancaster 08
Middletown	par Hamilton 10
Carlisle	par Granville 50
Erie bank	par Farmers Bk Canton 40
Farmers and Drivers	par Urbana 60
Bank. Waynesburg	par MARYLAND.
Harrisburg	par Baltimore banks
Honesdale	par B. & O. R. R. Scrip 10
Lebanon	par Cum. Bk Allegany 2
Pottsville	par Far. Bk of Maryland
Wyoming	par Far. & Mt. Frederick
York Bank	par Frederick co bank
West Branch bank	par Hagerstown bank
Relief Notes	par Mineral bank
Merchants & Man Bk	par Patapsco bank
Pitts. relief notes	par Washington bank
City & County Scrip	par Bank of Westminster

Caps! Caps! Caps!!

MEN and Boys' Fur, Cloth, Plush, Hair-Seal and Glazed caps, very cheap at

J. M. HOLDERBAUM'S Store.

50,000 Victims every year

FALL A PREY TO CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA AND RAILING BLOOD, HECTIC FEVER AND NIGHT SWEATS.

Mrs. Adams, 126th street, Harlem, suffered a year with a cough, pain in the chest, night sweats, and all the aggravated symptoms of Consumption; nothing relieved her till she tried Sherman's Balm—a half a bottle cured her. ULCERATED LUNGS AND LIVER.

Mr. E. T. Lawrence, Jackson street, Brooklyn, after years of suffering, and treated by various physicians, was pronounced incurable from ulcerated lungs and liver.

DYING.

as was supposed, he tried the Balm; its effects were most miraculous; two bottles cured him.

PLEURISY AND CONSUMPTION.

Mrs. Bagges, residing at 88 Sheriff street, 70 years old, has been subject to attacks of pleurisy and consumptive coughs for years. The Balm has saved her from very great suffering.

ASTHMA AND CONSUMPTION.

J. J. Beale, 89 Delancy street gave it to his sister-in-law who had been an invalid for years from Asthma; to another considered as in consumption. It relieved them at once, so that they traveled several hundred miles.

SPITTING BLOOD.

Is always alarming. It leads to the worst kind of Consumption, and unless arrested in time is generally fatal. Sherman's All-Healing Balm is the best remedy it heals the wounded or ruptured blood vessels of the lungs, and thereby effects a permanent cure, while other remedies only stop the blood for some time. A few doses of this Balm will satisfy the most skeptical that it is the medicine required.—It has been successful in many cases, and that too where they had run into a rapid decline, or, as more generally expressed, "HASTY CONSUMPTION." Young persons, or those of middle age, are more subject to these attacks than the aged.

Price 25 cents and \$1 per bottle.

Sold by the following duly appointed Agents for Somerset county, Pa.

J. J. & H. F. Schell, Somerset, Snyder & Zimmerman, Stoytown, Edmund Kiernan, Jenner's Roads, Philippi & Kiernan, Roxbury, Chas. Kinsinger, Eberly, P. & W. Meyer, Meyers Mill, Miller & Dwyer, Salisbury.

Grantsville, Md. S. C. H. McChesney, Smithfield, Samuel Elder, Petersburg, Peter Levy, Davisville, Elias Stahl, Mount Pela.

Lakewise, Dr. Sherman's Medicated Lozenges, Tooth Paste, and Poor Man's Plaster.

COUGH LOZENGES.